**Jay Bennett** 

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June 9, 1995



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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF SECRETARY

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William F. Caton Acting Secretary Federal Communications Commission Mail Stop 1170 1919 M Street, N.W., Room 222 Washington, D.C. 20554

Dear Mr. Caton:

Re: CC Docket No. 93-179 - Price Cap Regulation of Local Exchange Carriers, Rate-of-Return Sharing and Lower Formula Adjustment

On behalf of Pacific Bell, please find enclosed an original and six copies of its "Opposition" in the above proceeding.

Please stamp and return the provided copy to confirm your receipt. Please contact me should you have any questions or require additional information concerning this matter.

Sincerely,

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## Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

PEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
OFFICE OF SECRETARY

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In the Matter of

Price Cap Regulation of Local Exchange Carriers

CC Docket No. 93-179

Rate-of-Return Sharing and Lower Formula Adjustment

## **OPPOSITION OF PACIFIC BELL**

Pacific Bell ("Pacific") hereby respectfully opposes the Petition for

Reconsideration filed by MCI Telecommunications Corporation ("MCI") of the Commissoin's

April 14, 1995 order in the above-captioned proceeding.

MCI says that the "Commission's finding that it can apply its new rule requiring add-back only prospectively is ... inconsistent with findings the Commission made in its Add-Back Order." (MCI, p. 3.) But this contention, even if true, does not support reconsideration of the Add-Back Order. "Consistency" has nothing to do with it. Under the rule of Bowen v.

Georgetown University Hospital, all retroactive rulemaking is forbidden to Federal agencies without express statutory authority to engage in it.<sup>2</sup> The Commission has no retroactive

Price Cap Regulation of Local Exchange Carriers; Rate of Return Sharing and Lower Formula Adjustment, CC Docket No. 93-179, Report and Order, FCC 95-133, released April 14, 1995 (Add-Back Order).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Bowen v. Georgetown Univ. Hosp., 488 U.S. 204 (1988). See also Motion Picture Ass'n of America v. Oman, 969 F.2d 1154 (D.C. Cir. 1992).

rulemaking authority. Any "findings" the Commission made in its <u>Add-Back Order</u> are beside the point. The Commission may not ignore limits on its authority merely because it finds them inconvenient or inconsistent with its (or MCI's) view of the public interest. "It is, of course, axiomatic that the Commission cannot re-write the Communications Act -- only Congress can." However wrong the <u>Add-Back Order</u> may have been in other respects, the Commission was right when it said that its add-back rule could, "as a legal matter, be applied only on a prospective basis."

The D.C. Circuit has strictly construed limits on the Commission's rulemaking authority. In a 1992 case, the Commission defended an amendment to AT&T's price cap rules by asserting that it was "clarification" and not rulemaking. The Commission lost that case.<sup>5</sup> In 1993, the Court chided the Commission for having rejected the OPEB tariffs. "[W]hatever the intrinsic merits of" the Commission's findings, the Court explained, "the Commission is free to consider them as a basis for *amending* its current rule, not for concocting a new rule in the guise of applying the old."

According to MCI, "the rule the Commission has adopted is not a new rule; it is merely a codification of long-standing, and prior to the advent of price cap regulation, unopposed Commission practice." (MCI, p. 3.) But that, too, is fundamentally in error.

"Practices" do not mature into rules with the force of law no matter how "long-standing" or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MCI Petition for Reconsideration, CC Docket No. 94-1, filed May 19, 1995, p. 14 (citing MCI v. FCC, 765 F.2d 1186 (D.C. Cir. 1985)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Add-Back Order, para. 49, n.65 (citing Bowen).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Amer. Tel. & Tel. Co. v. FCC, 974 F.2d 1351 (D.C. Cir. 1992).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. FCC, 28 F.3d 165, 173 (D.C. Cir. 1994) (emphasis in original).

"unopposed" they may be. Otherwise, agencies could simply dispense with APA or due process requirements such as notice and an opportunity for public comment.

In fact, the Commission's rules do not allude to add-back even indirectly. The price cap orders speak more than once of a sharing or lower formula adjustment as a "one time adjustment" to a single year's rates. Add-back makes a single year's sharing or LFAM into a perpetual, compounding adjustment. It materially changes the price cap rules.

The Add-Back Order is internally inconsistent, but not for the reasons that MCI states. Although the Commission conceded that its new rule could be applied only prospectively, in fact the Commission gave it retroactive effect. As a result of the Commission's decision, sharing obligations that were incurred two years ago must now be treated as earnings for last year. The Commission lacks the rulemaking authority to alter the legal implications of sharing obligations incured in the past. But that is what is has done. The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> United States Tel. Ass'n v. FCC, 28 F.3d 1232-36 (D.C. Cir. 1994).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See Policy and Rules Concerning Rates for Dominant Carriers, 5 FCC Rcd 6786, 6803 (1990); on recon., 6 FCC Rcd 2637, 2691, n.166 (1991).

Add-Back Order is an exercise in prohibited retroactive rulemaking. MCI's Petition for Reconsideration should be denied.

Respectfully submitted,

PACIFIC BELL

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Date: June 9, 1995

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, Michelle K. Choo, hereby certify that on this 9th of June, 1995 a true and correct copy of the foregoing **Opposition of Pacific Bell** was mailed, first class-postage prepaid, to the parties shown on the attached list.

Chris Frentrup
MCI Telecommunications Corporation
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Federal Regulatory
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Michelle K. Choo